

ECE 301: Homework 7

SOLUTIONS

Problem 1

$$X(\omega) = \sum_n x[n]e^{-j\omega n}$$

Part a:

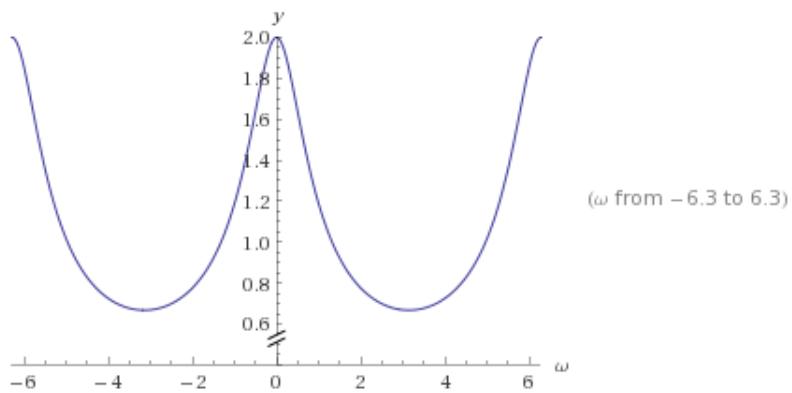
$$x[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^{n-1} u[n-1] \quad X(\omega) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2}^{n-1} e^{-j\omega n}$$

Let l = n-1

n = l+1

$$= \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2}^{l+1} e^{-j\omega(l+1)} = e^{-j\omega} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega})^l = e^{-j\omega} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega}}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega}}$$



Part b:

$$x[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^{|n-1|}$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^{|n-1|} e^{-j\omega} = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^{|m|} e^{-j\omega(m+1)}$$

Let m = n-1

n=m+1

$$= e^{-j\omega} [\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2})^m e^{-j\omega m} + \sum_{m=-\infty}^{-1} (\frac{1}{2})^{-m} e^{-j\omega m}]$$

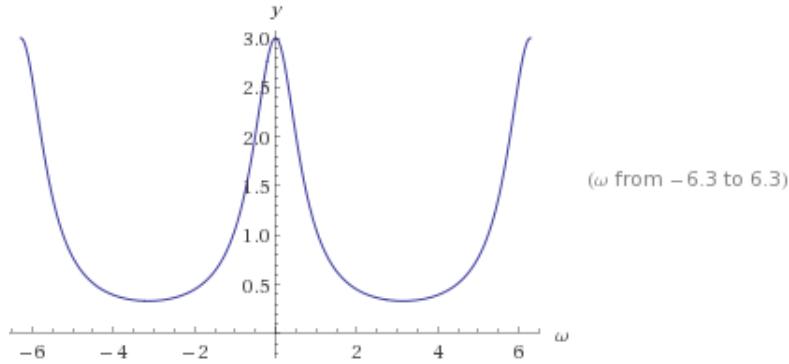
Let l=-m

$$= e^{-j\omega} [\sum_{m=0}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega})^m + \sum_{l=1}^{\infty} (\frac{1}{2} e^{j\omega})^l]$$

$$= e^{-j\omega} \left[\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\omega}} + \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2}e^{j\omega} \right)^l - 1 \right]$$

$\dots =$

$$= \frac{3e^{-j\omega}}{5 - 4\cos(\omega)}$$

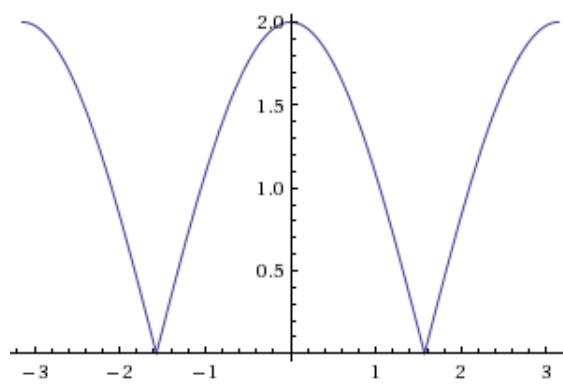


Problem 2

Part a:

$$\begin{aligned} x[n] &= \delta[n-1] + \delta[n+1] \\ X(\omega) &= \sum_n (\delta[n-1] + \delta[n+1]) e^{-j\omega n} = e^{-j\omega n}|_{n=1} + e^{-j\omega n}|_{n=-1} \text{ from the two } \delta's \\ &= e^{-j\omega} + e^{j\omega} \end{aligned}$$

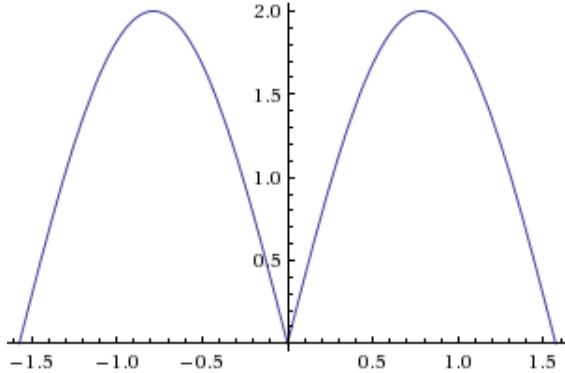
$$= 2 \cos(\omega)$$



Part b:

$$\begin{aligned} x[n] &= \delta[n+2] - \delta[n-2] \\ X(\omega) &= \sum_n (\delta[n+2] - \delta[n-2]) e^{-j\omega n} = e^{-j\omega n}|_{n=-2} - e^{-j\omega n}|_{n=2} \text{ from the two } \delta's \\ &= e^{j2\omega} - e^{-j2\omega} \end{aligned}$$

$$= 2j \sin(2\omega)$$



Problem 3

Part c:

$$\begin{aligned}
 x[n] &= \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{|n|} u[-n-2] \\
 X(e^{j\omega}) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-2} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{|n|} e^{-j\omega n} \\
 &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-2} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-n} e^{-j\omega n} \\
 &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}e^{j\omega}\right)^{-k-2}
 \end{aligned}$$

Let $k = -n - 2$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{3}e^{j\omega}\right)^{-2} \frac{1}{(1 - \frac{1}{3}e^{j\omega})}$$

Part h:

$$\begin{aligned}
 x[n] &= \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{3}n\right) = \sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}n - 2n\pi\right) + \cos\left(\frac{7\pi}{3}n - 2n\pi\right) \\
 &= \sin\left(\frac{-\pi}{3}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right) = -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right) \\
 &= \pi \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} (\delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{3} - 2l)(1 - \frac{1}{j}) + \delta(\omega + \frac{\pi}{3} - 2l)(1 + \frac{1}{j}))
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \pi \sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} ((1+j)\delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{3} - 2\pi l) + (1-j)\delta(\omega + \frac{\pi}{3} - 2\pi l))$$

Part j:

$$x[n] = (n-1)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{|n|}$$

$$\text{Let } y[n] = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{|n|}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y(e^{j\omega}) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{|n|} e^{-j\omega n}\right) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^0 \left(\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-n} e^{-j\omega n}\right) + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n e^{-j\omega n}\right) - \left.\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n e^{-j\omega n}\right|_{n=0} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}e^{j\omega}\right)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3}e^{-j\omega}\right)^n - 1 \\ &= \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{3}e^{j\omega}} + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{3}e^{-j\omega}} - 1 \\ &= \frac{1 - \frac{1}{3}e^{-j\omega} + 1 - \frac{1}{3}e^{j\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{3}e^{-j\omega} - \frac{1}{3}e^{j\omega} + \frac{1}{9}} - 1 \\ &= \frac{2 - \frac{2}{3}\cos(\omega)}{\frac{10}{9} - \frac{2}{3}\cos(\omega)} - 1 \\ &= \frac{2 - \frac{2}{3}\cos(\omega) - \frac{10}{9} + \frac{2}{3}\cos(\omega)}{\frac{10}{9} - \frac{2}{3}\cos(\omega)} \\ &= \frac{\frac{8}{9}}{\frac{10}{9} - \frac{2}{3}\cos(\omega)} = \frac{8}{10 - 6\cos(\omega)} = \frac{4}{5 - 3\cos(\omega)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x[n] &= ny[n] - y[n] \\ X(e^{j\omega}) &= j \frac{d}{d\omega} Y(e^{j\omega}) - Y(e^{j\omega}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Y(e^{j\omega}) &= 4(5 - 3\cos(\omega))^{-1} \\ &= j[-4(5 - 3\cos(\omega))^{-2}(3\sin(\omega))] - \frac{4}{5 - 3\cos(\omega)} \\ &= \frac{-20 - 12(\cos(\omega) + j\sin(\omega))}{(5 - 3\cos(\omega))^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{-20 - 12e^{j\omega}}{(5 - 3\cos(\omega))^2}$$

Problem 4

Part a:

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \frac{\pi}{4} \leq |\omega| \leq \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ 0 & \text{if } \text{ow} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
x[n] &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{-\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega \\
&= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{jn} e^{j\omega n} \Big|_{-\frac{3\pi}{4}}^{\frac{-\pi}{4}} + \frac{1}{jn} e^{j\omega n} \Big|_{\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{1}{jn} (e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}n} - e^{-j\frac{3\pi}{4}n} + e^{j\frac{3\pi}{4}n} - e^{j\frac{\pi}{4}n}) \\
&= \frac{1}{\pi n} (\sin(\frac{3\pi}{4}n) - \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)) \\
&= \frac{\sin(\frac{3\pi}{4}n)}{\pi n} - \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4}n)}{\pi n}
\end{aligned}$$

Part b:

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = 1 + 3e^{-j\omega} + 2e^{-j2\omega} - 4e^{-j\omega} + e^{-j10\omega}$$

$$x[n] = \delta(n) + 3\delta(n-1) + 2\delta(n-2) - 4\delta(n-3) + \delta(n-10)$$

Part c:

$$\begin{aligned}
X(e^{j\omega}) &= e^{-j\frac{\omega}{2}} \\
x[n] &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{-j\frac{\omega}{2}} e^{tj\omega n} d\omega \\
&= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{pi} e^{tj(n-\frac{1}{2})\omega} d\omega \\
&= \frac{1}{j(n-\frac{1}{2})} e^{j(n-\frac{1}{2})\omega} \Big|_{-\pi}^{\pi} \\
&= \frac{1}{j(n-\frac{1}{2})} ((-1^n)(-j) - (-1)^n(j)) \\
&= \frac{-2(-1)^n}{n-\frac{1}{2}}
\end{aligned}$$

Problem 5

Part a:

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] = -1 + 1 + 2 + 1 + 1 + 2 + 1 - 1$$

$$= 6$$

Part c:

$$\int_{-\pi}^{pi} X(e^{j\omega}) d\omega = \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j(0)\omega} d\omega = 2\pi x[0]$$

$$= 4\pi$$

Part d:

$$X(e^{j\pi}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j(\pi)n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (-1)^n x[n]$$

$$= (-1)(-1) + (1)(0) + (-1)(1) + (1)(2) + (-1)(1) + (1)(0) + (-1)(1) + (1)(2) + (-1)(1) + (1)(0) + (-1)(-1)$$

$$= 2$$

Part f:

(i)

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |X(e^{j\omega})|^2 d\omega &= 2\pi \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |X(e^{j\omega})|^2 \\ &= 2\pi((-1)^2 + 1^2 + 2^2 + 1^2 + 1^2 + 2^2 + 1^2 + (-1)^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 28\pi$$

(ii)

$$\begin{aligned} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| \frac{d}{d\omega} X(e^{j\omega}) \right|^2 d\omega &= \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \left| j \frac{d}{d\omega} X(e^{j\omega}) \right|^2 d\omega = 2\pi \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |X(e^{j\omega})|^2 \\ &= 2\pi \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |nx[n]|^2 \\ &= 2\pi(3^2 + (-1)^2 + 1^2 + 3^2 + 8^2 + 5^2 + (-7)^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 316\pi$$

Problem 6

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) d\omega = 2\pi X[0]$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) d\omega = 0 \Leftrightarrow X[0] = 0$$

$$X(e^{j(\omega+2\pi)}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} X[n] e^{-j(\omega+2\pi)n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} X[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$\Rightarrow X(e^{j\omega})$ is always periodic with period 2π

$$X(e^{j0}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]$$

$$X(e^{j0}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] = 0$$

Part b:

$$x[n] = 0 \Rightarrow \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) d\omega = 0$$

$X(e^{j\omega})$ is periodic

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] = 0 \Rightarrow X(e^{j0}) = 0$$

Part c:

$$x[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^n u[n]$$

$$x[0] = 1 \Rightarrow \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) d\omega \neq 0$$

$X(e^{j\omega})$ is periodic

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} \neq 0 \Rightarrow X(e^{j\omega}) \neq 0$$

Part e:

$$x[n] = \delta[n-1] + \delta[n+2]$$

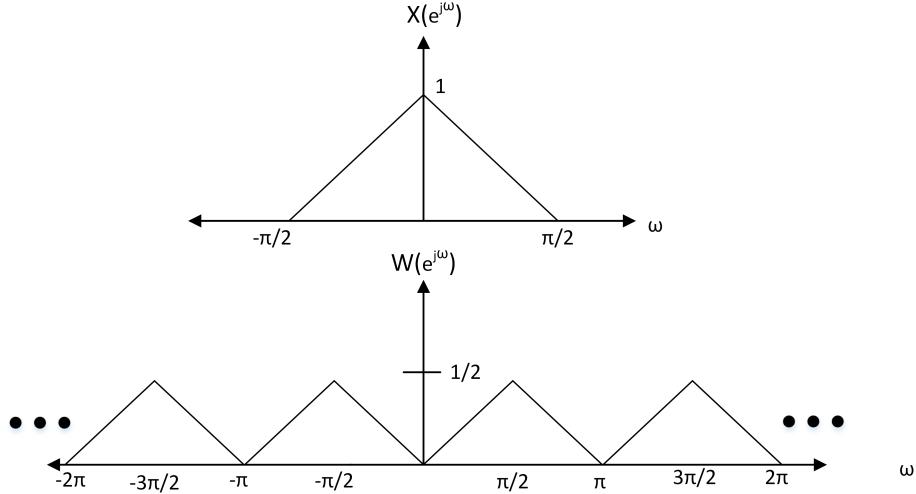
$$x[0] = 0 \Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} X(e^{j\omega}) d\omega = 0$$

$X(e^{j\omega})$ is periodic

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] = 2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow X(e^{j\omega}) \neq 0$$

Problem 7

Part a-ii:



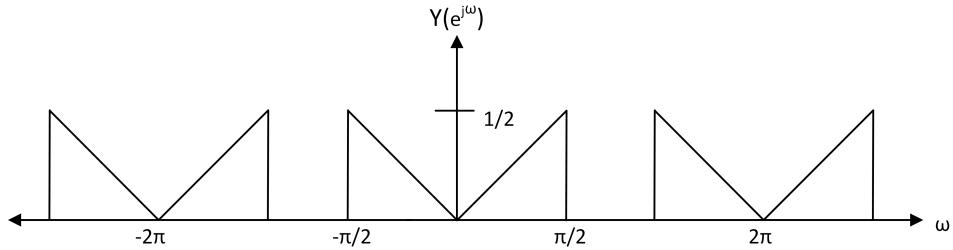
$$p[n] = \cos(\frac{\pi n}{2})$$

$$w[n] = x[n]p[n]$$

$$W(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2}X(e^{j(\omega-\frac{\pi}{2})}) + \frac{1}{2}X(e^{j(\omega+\frac{\pi}{2})})$$

Part b-ii:

$h[n] = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi n}{2})}{\pi n}$
 $H(e^{j\omega}) = 1$ when $|\omega| \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ and 0 otherwise. Note: This is repeated every 2π .



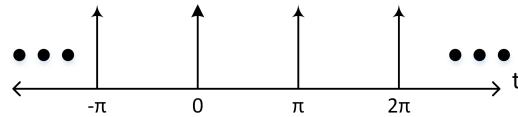
$$\begin{aligned}
 y[n] &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 \frac{-1}{\pi} \omega e^{-j\omega n} dw + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 \frac{1}{\pi} \omega e^{-j\omega n} dw \\
 u &= w \\
 du &= dw \\
 dv &= e^{j\omega n} dw \\
 v &= \frac{1}{jn} e^{j\omega n}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\omega}{jn} e^{-j\omega n} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 - \frac{1}{jn} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 e^{j\omega n} dw \right) + \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\omega}{jn} e^{j\omega n} \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - \frac{1}{jn} \text{int}_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{j\omega n} dw \right) \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{j2n} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}n} - \frac{1}{(jn)^2} e^{j\omega n} \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 \right) + \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\pi}{j2n} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}n} - \frac{1}{(jn)^2} e^{j\omega n} \Big|_0^{-\frac{\pi}{2}} \right) \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{j2n} (e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}n} - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}n}) + \frac{1}{\pi n^2} (e^{j\frac{\pi}{2}n} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}n}) - \frac{1}{\pi n^2} - \frac{1}{\pi n^2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}n)}{n} + \frac{2\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}n)}{\pi n^2} - \frac{2}{\pi n^2} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}n)}{2\pi n} + \frac{\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}n)}{\pi^2 n^2} - \frac{1}{\pi^2 n^2}$$

Problem 8

$$x[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta[n - 4k]$$



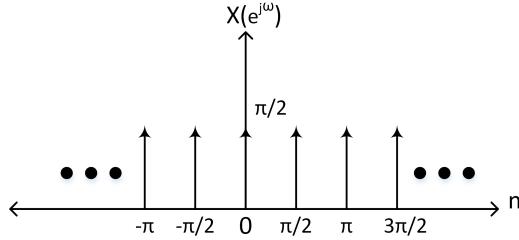
$x[n]$ is periodic ($N=4$)

Find the DTFS coefficients, a_k

$$x[n] = \delta[n] \text{ for } 0 \leq n \leq 3$$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{4} \sum_{n=0}^3 x[n] e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{4}kn}$$

$$= 1/4$$



$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi}{N}k)$$

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\pi}{2} \delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{2}k)$$